

# বিদ্যাসাগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

### **Question Paper**

## **B.Sc. Honours Examinations 2021**

(Under CBCS Pattern) Semester - V

**Subject: MATHEMATICS** 

Paper: DSE2T

Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours

Candiates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 20 = 60$ 

- 1. (a) Show that Poisson approximation is a limiting case of Binomial law.
- 6

.......99). Find the probability  $P(|x-y| \ge 54)$ .

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(c) Let X be a standard normal variate then find the distribution of  $Y = \frac{1}{2}X^2$ .

- 2. (a) Prove that for any random variable X (discrete or continuous) and for any real number  $cE(|X-c|) \ge E(|X-\mu|)$ , Provided the expectations exists and  $\mu$  is the medial of X.
  - (b) Let X be a random variable having Poisson distribution with parameter  $\mu$  and the conditional distribution of Y given X = i be given by  $f_{i,j} = \binom{i}{j} p^i q^j$  for  $0 \le j \le i$ ,  $i \ne 0$ , p+q=1. Find the marginal distribution of Y.

(c) If 
$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{6 - x - y}{8}, & 0 < x < 2, 2 < y < 4 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$
, find  $P(X + Y < 3)$ .

3. (a) The jdf (joint density function) of X and Y is given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(x+y), & 0 < x < 10 < y < 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find find  $P(|X-Y|) \le 1/2$  and  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$ . Are X and Y independent?

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- (b) Let X and Y be dindependent random variable having the normal density  $(0, \sigma)$ . Find  $P(x^2 + y^2 \le 1)$ .
- (c) The joint probability density function of the random variable X and Y is

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(1-x-y), & x \ge 0, y \ge 0, x+y \le 1\\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

where k is a constant. Find mean value of Y when X = 1/2 and the covariance of X and Y.

- 4. (a) If X and Y are connected by 2X + 3Y + 4 = 0, then show that  $\rho(X, Y) = -1$ .
  - (b) Let the joint probability density function of X and Y be given by  $f(x, y) = x^2 + \frac{xy}{3}$ , 0, x, 1, 0, y, 2:0 elsewhere. Find regression line of x on y.

(c) If X and Y are two independent random variable having the density function respectively

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \text{ and } f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} e^{-y}, & y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the density function of 
$$\frac{X}{X+Y}$$
.

- 5. (a) Show by Chebyshev's inequality that 2000 throws with a coin the probability that the number of heads lies between 900 to 1100 is 19/20.
  - (b) A random variable X has probability density function  $12x^2(1-x)$ , (0 < x < 1). Compute  $P(|x-m| \ge 2\sigma)$ , compare it with the limit given by Chebyshev's inequality.
  - (c) A random sample of 500 apples was taken from a large consignment and 60 were bad. Obtain the 98% confidence limits for the percentage number of bad apples in the consignment.
- 6. (a) Sample of two types of electric light bulb were tested for length of life and the following data were obtained:

	Type-I	Type-II
Sample no	$n_1 = 8$	$n_2 = 7$
Sample means	$\overline{x}_1 = 1234 \text{ hrs}$	$\overline{x}_2 = 1036 \text{ hrs}$
Sample s.d	$s_1 = 36 \text{ hrs}$	$s_2 = 40 \text{ hrs}$

Is the difference in the mean sufficient to warren that the Type I is superior to Type II regarding the length of life.

- (b) Obtain the recurrence relation  $\mu_{K+1} = \mu \left( K \mu_{K-1} + \frac{d\mu_K}{d\mu} \right)$  for the Poisson distribution with parameter  $\mu$ . Hence, find the coefficient of Skewness and Coefficient of excess of this Poisson distribution.
- (c) If X is uniformly distribution over (-1,1), then find the distribution of |X|.

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#### **BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND AUTOMATA THEORY**

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 20 = 60$ 

- 1. (a) Tabulate the Chomsky hierarchy with an example for each type of grammar.
  - (b) What are universal logic gate? Why those are called universal?
  - (c) With a suitable example, explain various asymptotic notations.
  - (d) Explain lattice, sublattice, explain with example.

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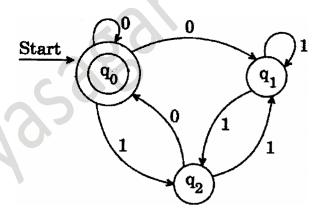
- 2. Construct a Turing Machine that recognizes the language  $L = \{0^{nm} : n, m \ge 0\}$ .
- 3. Reduce the given CFG with Productions given by

 $S \rightarrow abSB / a / aAb$  and

 $A \rightarrow bS / aAAb$  to Chomsky Normal form.

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4. Deduce R.E. from the Fig. and check whether the string 0100 is accepted or not.



5. Define a regular set. Using Pumping Lemma, show that the language

$$L = \{a^n b^k : n > k \text{ and } n >= 1\}$$
 is not regular.

10+10

- 6. Among the first 1000 positive integers:
  - (a) Determine the integers which are not divisible by 5, nor by 7 nor by 9.
  - (b) Determine the integers divisible by 5 but not by 7 not by 9.

10+10=20

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#### PORTFOLIO OPTIMIZATION

Answer any three questions.

 $3 \times 20 = 60$ 

- 1. Prove that the expected return  $\mu_i$  on any asset i satisfies  $\mu_i = r_f + \beta_i \left( \mu_M r_f \right)$ ,  $\beta_i = \frac{\sigma_{iM}}{\sigma_{M^2}}$  and  $\sigma_{iM}$  is the covariance of the return on asset i and the market protfolio  $r_M$ ;  $\sigma_M^2 = \text{var} \left( r_M \right)$ .
- 2. Consider 3 assets with rates of return  $r_1$ ,  $r_2$  and  $r_3$  respectively. The covariance matrix and

expected rates of return are 
$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $m = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.8 \end{pmatrix}$ 

- (a) Find the minimum variance portfolio.
- (b) Find a second efficient portfolio.
- (c) If the risk free rate is  $r_f = 0.2$ , find an efficient portfolio of risky assets.
- 3. For the Markowitz mean-variance portfolio, solve the quadratic programming problem

Minimize 
$$\frac{1}{2}w^T \Sigma w - \lambda m^T w$$

Subject to  $e^T w = 1$ 

where 
$$w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n)^T$$
,  $m = (m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n)^T$ 

$$\mu_i = E(r_i), z = (r_1, r_2, \dots, r_n)^T, \text{ cov}(z) = \Sigma$$

- 4. Assume that the expected rate of return on the market portfolio is 24% ( $r_M = 0.24$ ) and the rate of return on T-Bills (risk free rate) is 7% ( $r_f = 0.07$ ). The standard deviation of the market is 33% ( $\sigma_M = 0.33$ ). Assume that the market portfolio is efficient.
  - (a) What is the equation for the capital market line?
  - (b) If an expected return of 38% is desired, what is the standard deviation of this position?

- 5. (a) Define (i) Beta of a portfolio
  - (ii) Security market line
  - (b) You have a protfolio with a beta of 0.84. What will be the new portfolio beta if you keep 85% of your money in the old portfolio and 14% in a stock with a beta of 1.93?
- 6. (a) What are some of the benefits of diversifiction?
  - (b) Use the information in the following to answer the questions below.

State of Economy	Probability of state	Return on A in state	Return on B in state
Boom	35%	0.040	0.210
Normal	50%	0.030	0.080
Recession	15%	0.046	-0.010

- (i) What is the expected return of each asset?
- (ii) What is the variance of each asset?