

DEPT. OF MATHEMATICS
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE

B.Sc. (Honours) Sem. - V, 1st INTERNAL ASSESSMENT, 2019-20

Sub: MATHEMATICS, Paper - DSE2

Full Marks: 10

Time: 30 m.

Answer any five of the following questions:

(5 × 2 = 10)

01. Prove the following identity –

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a+0} F(x) = F(a)$, where $F(x)$ is the distribution function of a random variable X connected to a random experiment R.E.

02. Let X be continuous random variable with probability density function $f(x)$ is given by –

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ k, & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -kx + 3k, & 2 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & x > 3 \end{cases} \cdot \text{Determine } k \text{ and also find the distribution function}$$

$F(x)$ of the random variable.

03. Five balls are drawn from an urn containing 3 white and 7 black balls. Find the probability distribution of the number of white balls drawn without replacement.

04. If X has a gamma distribution with parameter l , find the distribution of the random variable $Y = \frac{1}{2}X^2$.

05. X is a continuous random variable with probability density function $f(x)$ given by –

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{x^2} & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ 0, & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases} \cdot \text{Show that } E(X) \text{ exists but } E(X^2) \text{ does not exist.}$$

06. Prove that the standard deviation is dependent on the unit of measurement but independent of the choice of origin of measurement.

07. If the probability density function of a random variable X is given by $f(x) = Ke^{-(x^2+2x+3)}$, $-\infty < x < \infty$, find the value of K and also the expectation of the random variable.

08. Find the expected value of the product of the number on n dice tossed together.

DEPT. OF MATHEMATICS
JHARGRAM RAJ COLLEGE

B.Sc. (Honours) Sem. - V, 2nd INTERNAL ASSESSMENT, 2019-20

Sub: MATHEMATICS, Paper - DSE2

Full Marks: 10

Time: 30 m.

Answer any five of the following questions:

(5 × 2 = 10)

- 01.** If A and B are two mutually exclusive events connected to a random experiment say E and $P(A \cup B) \neq 0$, then prove that $P\left(\frac{A}{(A \cup B)}\right) = \frac{P(A)}{P(A)+P(B)}$.
- 02.** Prove that the distribution function of a random variable connected to a random variable say X is left discontinuous function. A coin is tossed. Write down its probability mass distribution and also calculate its distribution function. Verify the above result over the derived distribution function.
- 03.** A bag contains 5 balls and it is not known how many of them are white. Two balls are drawn and are found to be white. What is the probability that all are white?
- 04.** The random variable X has the following distribution function -
$$P(X = k) = 2^{-k}, k = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$
Show that, $E(X) = Var(X) = 2$.
- 05.** If X is uniformly distributed over $[1, 2]$, find U so that $P(X > U + E(X)) = \frac{1}{6}$.
- 06.** The distribution of a random variable X is given by $P(X = -1) = \frac{1}{8}, P(X = 0) = \frac{3}{4}, P(X = 1) = \frac{1}{8}$. Verify Tchebycheff's inequality for the above mentioned distribution.
- 07.** Let T_1 and T_2 be two unbiased estimators of the parameter θ . Under what condition $aT_1 + bT_2$ will be an unbiased estimator of the said parameter θ ?
- 08.** Prove that the maximum likelihood estimate of the parameter α of a population having density function $\frac{2}{\alpha^2}(\alpha - x), 0 < x < \alpha$ for a sample of unit size is $2x$, x being the sample value. Show also that the estimate is biased.
